

1. What is Big-O, Big-Omega, and if applicable, Big-Theta of the following:

$x^2 + 5x$	$x + \log x$	$x + x!$
<code>int sum = 0;</code>		<code>int sum = 0;</code>
<code>for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</code>		<code>for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</code>
<code> for(int j = 0; j < n; j++) {</code>		<code> for(int j = 0; j < i; j++) {</code>
<code> sum = sum + i + j;</code>		<code> sum = sum + i + j;</code>
<code> }</code>		<code> }</code>
<code>}</code>		<code>}</code>

2. Search

```

static int search1(int[] l, int e) {
    for (int i = 0; i < l.length; i++) {
        if (l[i] == e) {
            return i;
        }
    }
    return -1;
}
static int search2(int[] l, int e) {
    int start = 0; int end = l.length - 1;
    while (start <= end) {
        int middle = (start + end) / 2;
        if (e < l[middle]) {
            end = middle - 1;
        } else if (e > l[middle]) {
            start = middle + 1;
        } else {
            return middle;
        }
    }
    return -1;
}
static int search3(int[] l, int e, int start, int end) {
    if (start > end) return -1;
    int middle = (start + end) / 2;
    if (e < l[middle]) {
        return search3(l, e, start, middle - 1);
    } else if (e > l[middle]) {
        return search3(l, e, middle + 1, end);
    } else {
        return middle;
    }
}

```

Questions:

- a. What's the complexity of all 3 searches?
- b. In general, how to analyze complexity?
- c. Practically, when do we want solution #1 and when do we want #2 or #3?